

Washington, DC 20006-1109

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FIL	NG DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/938,539	08/27/2001		Stephane Fouquay	58779.000017	2787
75	590	06/23/2005		EXAM	INER
Robert M. Schulman				TRAN, THAO T	
Hunton & Willi	iams				
Suite 1200				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
1000 K Street N W				1731	

DATE MAILED: 06/23/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		\mathcal{M}_{+}			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/938,539	FOUQUAY ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Thao T. Tran	1711			
The MAILING DATE of this comm Period for Reply	nunication appears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address			
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for re	JNICATION. ions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reommunication. by (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of third in statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON eply will, by statute, cause the application to become AB ths after the mailing date of this communication, even if	eply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s)	filed on <u>15 March 2005</u> .				
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL .	2b) This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the n					
closed in accordance with the pra	actice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D). 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-28</u> is/are pending in th	e application.				
4a) Of the above claim(s) 12 and	14-28 is/are withdrawn from considerat	ion.			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11 and 13</u> is/are reject					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to					
8) Claim(s) are subject to res	striction and/or election requirement.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by	the Examiner.				
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/a	are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to	by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any o	bjection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyar	nce. See.37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) include	ding the correction is required if the drawing	(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected	d to by the Examiner. Note the attached	d Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a cla a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of	f:	} 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
	rity documents have been received.				
	rity documents have been received in A				
•	es of the priority documents have been	received in this National Stage			
* *	ational Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). ction for a list of the certified copies not	received			
See the attached detailed Office at	Mon for a list of the certified copies flot	TECCIVEU.			
Attachment(s)	🗂 .				
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review 		Summary (PTO-413) s)/Mail Date			
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 Paper No(s)/Mail Date		nformal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

- 1. This is in response to the Amendments filed 3/15/2005.
- 2. Claims 1-22 are currently pending in this application. Claims 12 and 14-28 have been withdrawn as directed to a non-elected invention, as indicated in the Paper of 2/5/2005.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. Claims 1-11 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Lallier et al. (US Pat. 6,001,192) in view of Mitsuhashi et al. (US Pat. 5,599,954).

Lallier teaches a composition and a method of making, the composition comprising an aprotic polar solvent (TPA), an ether (TE), and an activator (TA) (see col. 1, ln. 40-52; col. 2, ln. 40). Lallier further teaches the solvent being dimethyl sulfoxide or dimethyl formamide, the ether being dioxolane or methoxytetrahydrofuran, having a molar volume of less than 160 having several methoxy groups (see col. 2, ln. 12-20).

In regards to claims 1-5 and 13, Lallier, however, differs from the presently claimed invention because Lallier does not teach a specific activator as recited in the instant claims.

Mitsuhashi teaches a composition comprising a mixture of ethers comprising tetrahydrofuran and acetonitrile, and a mixture of activators comprising imidazole (see col. 6, ln. 59-65).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to have employed the activators, as taught by Mitsuhashi, in the composition of Lallier, because the use of an ether activator, such as imidazole, would have activated the reaction forward and would have resulted in better yield of the product.

With respect to the use of the composition for surface treatment of polyester resin, it has been held that recitation on intended use would have no significant patentable weight.

In regards to claims 6-8, Lallier further teaches the aprotic polar solvent and the ether are present in a volume ratio of 50/50 (see col. 2, ln. 10).

In regards to claims 9, Lallier teaches the ether having a flash point higher than 0oC (see col. 1, ln. 47), and not specifically higher than 100oC. However, since Lallier teaches the same ether in the same composition, the flashing point of Lallier would inherently be the same as that of the instant invention.

In regards to claims 10-11, Lallier teaches the ether to be dimethoxybenzene (see col. 2, ln. 14-16).

Response to Arguments

- 4. Applicant's arguments filed 3/15/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge

Application/Control Number: 09/938,539

Art Unit: 1711

generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5

USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988) and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992).

In this case, Mitsuhashi is used to illustrate that imidazole has been used as an ester activator in the prior art, and thus can be used to remedy Lallier.

- 6. In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).
- 7. With respect to the arguments that claims 7-8 recite the voluminal ratio of the polar aprotic solvents with respect to each other and not the ratio of the aprotic solvent to the ether, the examiner agrees that this was an inadvertent error. However, as disclosed by Lallier, the aprotic solvents are used as mixtures, and given the amounts of the solvents and the ether provided in Lallier, it appears that the ratios recited in the instant claims would fall into the range.

Conclusion

8. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

Application/Control Number: 09/938,539

Art Unit: 1711

Page 5

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing

date of this final action.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Thao T. Tran whose telephone number is 571-272-1080. The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, from 9:00 a.m. - 5:30 p.m..

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, James Seidleck can be reached on 571-272-1078. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

u

June 20, 2005

Mas Iran